

# Hawaiian Gazette

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HONOLULU, H. I., FRIDAY, JUNE 15, 1900—SEMI-WEEKLY

WHOLE NO. 1985

## Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

WALTER G. SMITH, EDITOR.

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## OLD GLORY RAISED

At the High School by Honolulu's  
School Children Amid Song  
and Speech.

While a throng of several thousand people sang the "Star Spangled Banner," eight white-gowned young girls hauled the flag of America to the summit of the High School building yesterday morning. Bravely it floated on the breeze against the gray and blue of the sky, the symbol of new Hawaii, the lands whose destinies will be guided by the young men and young women now learning their first lessons of life in the structure over which it flies.

The former home of several princesses of the Kamehameha dynasty never looked gayer than during the exercises. The wide veranda on the mauka side had been decorated with Hawaiian and American flags, with red, white and blue bunting draped all about them and palm branches fastened to every cornice and coping. Across the base of the veranda, boldly inscribed, was the motto:

"Westward the course of empire takes  
its way,  
Time's noblest offspring is the last."

Under the trees beneath the veranda a broad platform had been erected and all about it had gathered an immense crowd, a crowd which spread over the gravel walks and over the wide lawns and even perched on the fences all about the grounds. School children from all the schools in the city—from the High School to the farthest primary school in the suburbs. Young men almost ready for college and girls in long dresses and the latest hats mingled with bright-eyed little toddlers in kilts or in kimono and clogs, scarcely able to lap the alphabet. Every one of them was in holiday attire—of white dresses and duck suits and Sunday hats, and, with the crowd of elders in Panama hats and ducks or new gowns and gay-plumed bonnets, the scene was a brilliant one.

The schools in attendance with their teachers were as follows:

Normal, Edgar Wood; Practice, Mrs. Edgar Wood; Emma Street, Miss Ethel Mossman; High and Grammar, M. M. Scott; Kaniokopua, Miss M. J. Cour-  
sen; Kailani, Mrs. Nina L. D. Fran-  
sen; Royal, Rev. A. Mackintosh; Pohu-  
kaina, Miss Zoe Atkinson; Kaili-wae-  
na, J. N. Taggard; Kaili-uka, Robert  
Law; Kawaiahao, Mrs. Mary Gunn;  
Beretania Street, Miss Rhoda Green;  
Punahou Street, Miss Mary Ferreira;  
Maemae, Miss Cora Henneghan; Kau-  
luwela, H. M. Wells; Manoa, Miss  
Maggie Davison; Kakaako, Miss Clara  
Gurney; Pauoa, Miss Louise Aheong;  
Moanalua, Miss Ada Lyceet.

### Many A Mother's Wish.

Many a mother of a peevish, restless, sickly child has wished that her little one was as strong and rugged as an Indian babe. Such mothers can make their children strong and well, if they rid the child's system of worms, which cause nine-tenths of children's troubles. Kickapoo Indian Worm Killer will do it. For centuries the Indians used it to make their babies rugged, powerful, fearless. What it has done for the child of the forest it will do for the child of the civilized. That is what it has been doing for years. You can get it of your druggist for 25 cents. Be sure to get the genuine. The child's life is too precious to treat with worthless substitutes. Hohron Drug Co., agents for Kickapoo Indian Remedies.

# HAWAII JOINS THE SISTERHOOD OF STATES AND TERRITORIES AMID A BLAZE OF GLORY

## Ceremonies of Admission Day are Participated in By Thousands of the People of Uncle Sam's Fair New Possessions.

### Governor Dole Takes Office in the Morning, Races in the Afternoon and a Magni- ficent Ball at Night.

The Republic is dead. Live the Terri-  
tory until Statehood is attained.

As the sun's rays moved over the crowd which faced the Executive building yesterday morning and rested on the white head of a tall man who looked as he was, the central figure of that group, silvering and accentuating the noble outlines, a shadow fell across his face and waved about now falling on this side and now on that.

"Character is the foundation of true citizenship," exclaims Gov. Dole; the line-like shade of the floating flag wavers about his tall figure; his address is

from which to view the history mak-  
ing spectacle. It was a brave audience

which the stars of the day's drama faced. Every nationality of the com-  
plex population was represented before the stand and witnessed the oath tak-  
ing of the Executive, and there was throughout the ceremony the dominant note of jubilation. From the prayer which thanked the Deity for his bless-  
ings to the step of the military march-  
ing in review there was an exultant chord as though the genial air was sur-  
charged with the electricity of joyfulness.

Fairer day Hawaii has never known. The sun shone brilliantly from his  
dawning. Soft trades stirred the bunt-

close of the century, one hundred years after the great Kamehameha had founded the nation, had brought fruition of all hopes and a generation's struggles were happily over. It was not the end of Hawaii to them. It was rather than the grave the cradle; the swaddling of the newer and sure-to-be-greater Hawaii rather than the laying to rest of the old order.

In the few words of the oath of office, in the brief sentences of the acceptance of the trust by the chosen executive, there was the closing of all the days of anxiety; of the struggle against the capital of the sugar trust and the machinations of opposition politicians to harass the Islands by throttling the reciprocity treaty; of the threats of Oriental powers and dangers of uprisings which might disturb the peace. From out the storm, calm; seven years of service and their happiness; these and similar thoughts crowded and the embodiment of the victory, of the battle won and the struggles made, that tall figure in the center of the stage with uplifted hand, vowed to be true to the constitution and then asked the

short and full of Democratic plainness befitting the christening of the latest-born child to join the family of Uncle Sam.

President Dole's inaugural speech was terse, brief, for such an occasion, and full of sound sense. He read it in a natural, clear voice, and its message went straight to the hearts of those who heard it.

The hour set for the ceremonies was 10 o'clock, and long before then the people began to gather. The Executive building was decorated in handsome style with bunting, flags and colored electric globes, and its front, broadened by temporary stands, was brilliant with color.

### As Many Natives as Haoles.

The natives and the haoles were about evenly divided among the attendant mass, and people of all nationalities were present. Many families brought their lunches and dined under the trees after the ceremonies were over, listen-  
ing to the music of the band, which played on the grounds.

About twenty-five hundred persons witnessed the taking of the oath of office by Governor Dole, and all those who could get within listening distance paid a deeply interested attention to every word which fell from the speaker's lips.

The people were enthusiastic in their applause, and were evidently fired with the spirit of the occasion. Hundreds were wearing decorations of a patriotic nature. The front of the Executive building was tastefully decorated, bearing American and Hawaiian flags and bunting, artistically draped. The crowd was cosmopolitan and there were probably as many different appreciations of the occasion as there were nationalities represented.

For many days the seating of the in-

auguration of the haole, who now were to share its ruling with its original sole tenants—this pastor of Hawaii was the man above all to open the exercises of this memorable day and to beg a benediction to give peace and happiness to the land.

The prayer was as follows:

O Jehovah! the Creator of all things! Who rules over all nations and is the Administrator of their lives. Years ago the day has arrived. And we know You have destined all these things to happen in these times, and we are at a loss, and we have not the means to act without Your guidance and approval. In the days at hand and to come, You are our only Guide and Protector. All our acts are subject to Your approbation, and we pray that You may save us from dissen-  
sion in our union as a nation, under Your guiding hand. Give us the strength to carry out Your will for the good of all in Your government here. We im-  
plore the Holy Spirit to be with us, and to be our Guide in all things right and just.

Aid us further, implore that You be-  
stow Your blessings upon us, and lead us in the path of life, in the name of Je-  
sus Christ. Amen.

### Reading the Commission.

President Dole—a religious man—must have joined in that prayer with all the fervor of his nature. Years of struggle against the powers of state, of contention with men strong against him and good government, and years of earnest effort for right, were culminated in the half hour of the inaugu-  
ration ceremonies.

President of the Republic of Hawaii for over seven years he was now given the care of the new Territory for four more. He was to meet new conditions, but with the strength of a great nation to aid him, and the flag of that nation waved proudly over his head. As A. Mott-Smith stepped to the front of the platform and read the commission as Governor sent to Mr. Dole by President McKinley. It was as follows:

William McKinley, President of the United States of America, to all who shall see these presents, Greeting. Know Ye, That reposes special trust and confidence in the integrity and ability of Sanford B. Dole of Hawaii, I have nomi-  
nated and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate do appoint him Governor of the Territory of Hawaii for the term of four years, and until his successor is chosen and qualified do au-  
thorize and empower him to execute and fulfill the duties of that office according to law and to have and to hold the said office, with all the powers, privileges and emoluments thereunto of right appertain-  
ing unto him, the said Sanford B. Dole, subject to the provisions of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide a Government for the Territory of Hawaii," approved April 30, 1900.

In testimony whereof I have caused these letters to be made patent and the seal of the United States to be hereunto affixed.

Given under my hand at the city of Washington, the 15th day of May, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and twenty-fourth.

WILLIAM McKINLEY.

By the President:  
JOHN HAY, Secretary of State.

### Taking the Oath.

At the conclusion of the reading of the commission, Chief Justice Frear faced Mr. Dole and read the following oath to support the Constitution of the Territory of Hawaii, Island of Oahu, ss: I solemnly swear in the presence of Almighty God that I will faithfully support the Constitution and laws of the United States of America, and the laws of the Territory of Hawaii, and conscientiously and impartially discharge my duties as Governor of the Territory of Hawaii.

(Signed) SANFORD B. DOLE.

Subscribed and sworn to at Honolulu this 15th day of June, 1900, before me.

W. F. FREAR,  
First Associate Justice Supreme Court,  
Territory of Hawaii.

President Dole kept his right hand raised as the oath was read, and then signed his name to the document. One could hear the rustling of the wind in the palm trees as the grave words fell from the Chief Justice's lips, so still was the crowd.

### The Inaugural Speech.

President Dole then received from his private secretary, A. T. Hawes, a portfolio, from which he took the manuscript of his inaugural speech. He read it slowly and with emphasis on the principal sentences. It was as follows: Fellow Citizens: In a certain sense the position of Governor of the Territory of Hawaii at the request of the President of the United States, I feel certain that there will be some problems in the administration of the affairs of the Territory for which the Government of independent Hawaii has created no precedents.

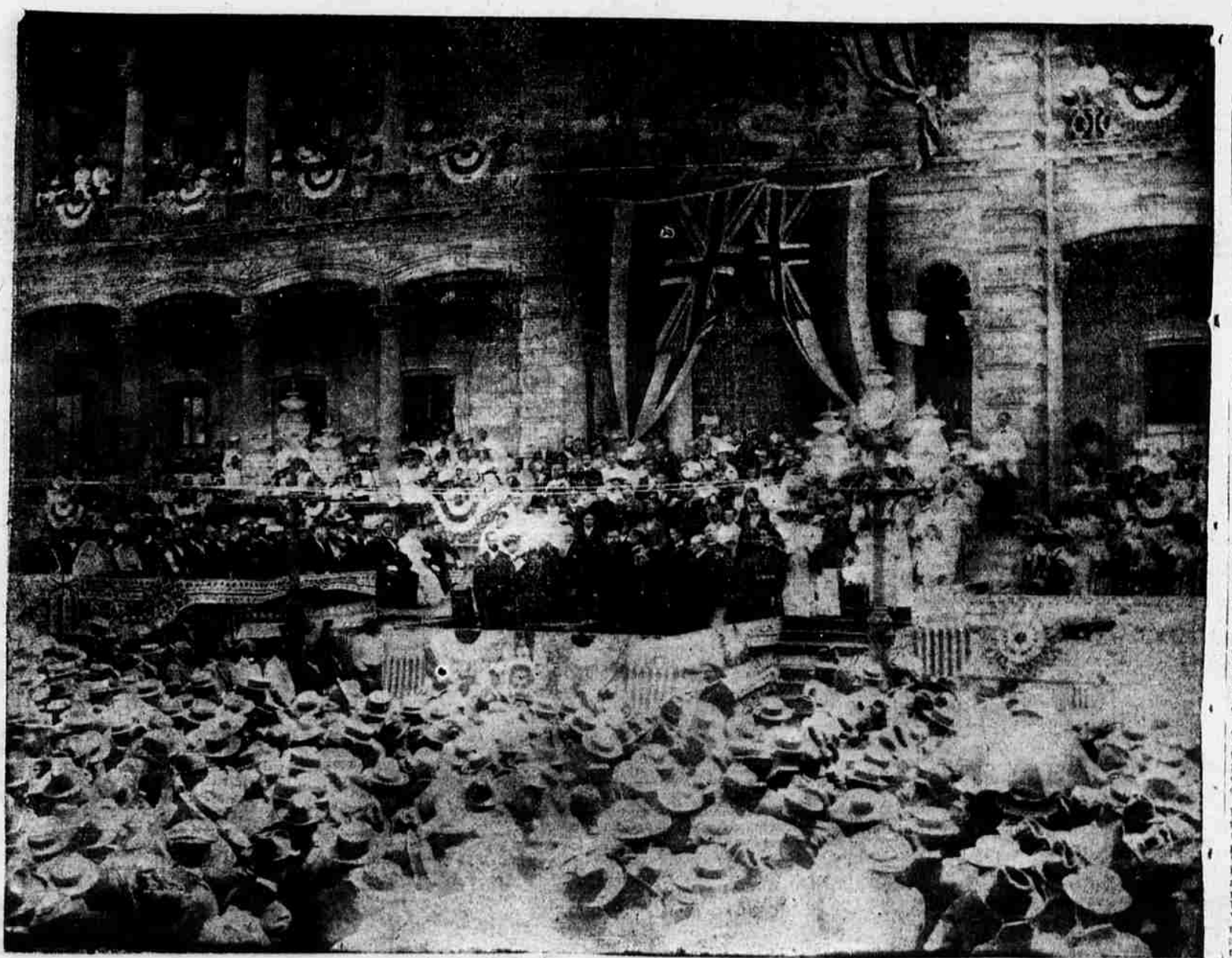
Were it not for the support that I am confident I have in your sympathy, and in your patriotic determination that in the new departure the country shall make progress in good government, I could not contemplate the task before me without deep misgivings.

The political evolution of Hawaii has been from feudalism to royal authority; then to a republic, and now to dependence upon a stronger nation. The recent policy of the great powers to parcel out between them the islands of the Pacific has been an influential factor in the last act of these successive changes. Paramount commercial relations with the United States have formed another factor. With such influences at work, it only needed the decadence of the monarchical authority to cause the Hawaiian community with its strong American sentiment to gravitate irresistibly to the United States, choosing its own destiny rather than leaving it to be decided by others.

### Debt to the Past.

Hawaii owes its remarkable progress in civilization largely to the wise statesmanship of Kamehameha III and other high chiefs in the early part of his reign. These men and women carefully weighed the counsels of their new advisers from across the sea, and selected the best as a basis of action. A few months of peaceful revolution sufficed for an advance in civil administration of the Hawaiian Kingdom. The recent act of these successive changes, Paramount commercial relations with the United States have formed another factor. With such influences at work, it only needed the decadence of the monarchical authority to cause the Hawaiian community with its strong American sentiment to gravitate irresistibly to the United States, choosing its own destiny rather than leaving it to be decided by others.

The influence of this peaceful reform in the civil system has been to this day constant and controlling in the relations between the Hawaiian and the white men. No this influence we may largely credit the comparatively peaceful settle-  
ment of the disturbed condition of af-



PRESIDENT SANFORD B. DOLE INDUCTED INTO OFFICE.

ended; the first Governor of the Terri-  
tory of Hawaii, United States of Amer-  
ica, has been installed and has accept-  
ed the office. In the sight of thousands of his peers, beneath the shadow of the Stars and Stripes, Sanford B. Dole has subscribed to the oath of office and by that sign not only become the chief executive of the only complete outly-  
ing territory of the United States, but as well for all time set at rest a pos-  
sibility of Hawaii other than a United States territory.

Fair was the day and thrice fair the drama which was enacted. From early morning the crowd, drawn by the firing of the salute for a State gathered before the gorgeously decorated public building and gazed upon the National emblems which made up the principal decorative features of the facade, the white securing points of vantage

ing flung out by lofty staffs. Memories of older triumphs struggled with the consciousness of the consummation of the latest and best. On the site of old battles, where kings and princes had stood, had battled and had won, free men, endowed by their nation with the rarest of gifts, full citizenship in the world's grandest republic, stood to see the voluntary vow taking of their fellow citizen chosen to be their executive officer. Men there were who had served the state under the monarchy; men in whose veins flowed the blood of the great Emperor, whose figure serenely looked down upon the great gathering; but all had been given a new attribute, taken into the brotherhood of the children of Uncle Sam and the feeling of triumph was a personal one.

Those who had made the fight for entry into the sisterhood of states rejoiced that Hawaii had come to the family circle as a younger sister, not as a founding, that not one jot of the freedom which the old components of the nation enjoyed was withheld. The

and of his fellows who stood at once witness and sponsors and the cheers and applause testified that what lions were still in the way would be met by Hawaiians united.

Hawaii as empire, as republic, as provisional state has passed away. Hawaii as territory, as a prospective state of the Union has come. All this was typified by the inauguration ceremony and the cheers of the people were the benison.

## CEREMONIES OF INAUGURATION

President Dole Takes Office  
of Governor and Reads  
His Inaugural.

Inaugurating the first Governor of the Territory of Hawaii was a simple affair. The ceremony was impressive,

vited guests had been planned by Alex. S. Mackintosh, in whose hands it was placed, and to his efforts were due the excellent arrangements for the reception and making comfortable of those whom the Government designed to honor.

### The Opening Prayer.

President Dole was the target for all eyes. Like the others, he was dressed in severe black. Advancing to the platform in the center of the steps, the officials grouped about the President while Rev. S. Timoteo, Chaplain, invoked a blessing on the assemblage.

Very solemn and imposing was the scene during the prayer. Spoken in Hawaiian, the words unfamiliar to the majority, were listened to with profound silence, and the natives present seemed especially touched with the theme expressed.

To many who bent reverent heads while the appeal to the Almighty was uttered came the thought of the fitness of the minister chosen to say the prayer. A native of these Islands, a descendant of those dark-skinned men who first came to its shores, a disciple of the faith and a teacher of the re-

(Continued on Page 5.)







HAWAIIAN  
OFFICIALSM. M. Estee Confirmed  
as Federal Judge.

RAY IS U. S. MARSHAL

Haywood for Collector of Internal  
Revenue and John C. Baird  
District Attorney.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

WASHINGTON, June 2.—The President to-day sent to the Senate the following nominations for Hawaiian officials: Morris M. Estee of California to be United States District Judge for the Territory of Hawaii; John C. Baird of Wyoming to be United States District Attorney of Hawaii; Daniel F. Ray of Illinois to be United States Marshal of Hawaii.

San FRANCISCO, May 6.—The news of Morris M. Estee's nomination as United States Judge for Hawaii soon spread among his friends in this city yesterday and his office was besieged with well-wishers during the afternoon. At the Union League Club he was the lion of the hour at luncheon time. While perfectly willing to discuss the duties of the office to which he had been nominated, Mr. Estee had nothing to say for publication as to his plans for the future. It is understood, however, that he will at once commence preparations for his removal to Honolulu, which will be his home for the next six years, at least, provided his nomination is confirmed by the Senate.

Unlike most District Judgeships, that of Hawaii combines the duties of both United States District and Circuit Courts, probably on account of its isolation, appeals therefrom being heard in the Circuit Court of Appeals for this district, of which it is a part. While the next session of the Hawaiian Court under ordinary circumstances should not be held until October, Judge Estee may at his discretion hold extra sessions whenever he thinks it necessary, and his friends say that he will not delay making himself familiar with affairs in his new district longer than is necessary.

Estee needs no introduction to the people of California, as he is one of the best known men in the State. His career exemplifies what can be accomplished by pluck, energy and self-reliance. He was born in Freehold, Warren county, Pa., on November 10, 1824. His father, Ansel Estee, a native of Buffalo, N. Y., was a well-to-do farmer of the time-honored Eastern type. There were nine children in his family and Morris was the eldest. His ambitions were beyond the limits of his father's farm, and after spending two years at the Waverford Academy of Erie county he resolved to strike out alone in quest of fortune. At the age of 20 he came to California and at once went to the El Dorado county gold mines, where he spent two years. While a miner he was still a student, and he soon learned that the way to success lay through the channel of his intellect rather than that of his muscles. He then took up the study of law, and after some experience in different law offices he was admitted to practice in 1859. He opened an office at Sacramento. In 1863 he was elected to the lower house of the State Legislature, and his work during that session was recognized by the people of Sacramento by his election to the office of District Attorney, which he held until 1866.

In 1868 Estee came to San Francisco. In 1871 he made himself felt politically by his fight for Booth for Governor. After the latter's nomination he was made secretary of the State Republican Central Committee, in which position his ability as an organizer was apparent in a remarkable degree. He was sent to the Assembly again in 1875 and was made Speaker of the House. At the conclusion of the session he returned here and resumed the practice of his profession. In 1880 he was selected as one of the fifteen freeholders to frame a new city charter. He was chosen by the Republican Convention as a candidate for Governor in 1882, but was defeated by Stoneman. Again in 1894 he received the same honor, but was defeated by Budd. In 1888 he was chairman of the California delegation to the Republican National Convention at Chicago.

Mr. Estee is a thoroughly representative man, for not only has he been a farmer, miner and lawyer, but he is considerable of a horticulturist and viticulturist. He was at one time president of the Horticultural Society. He has an extensive vineyard in Napa, and the hospitality of his home is known for miles around. He was a member of the Pan-American Congress, and there are no questions of the day touching the interests of California or the United States with which he is not thoroughly familiar and upon which he has not been heard. Mr. Estee was married in 1863 to Miss Frances Divine, a daughter of Judge Davis Divine of San Jose. He has two children living.

Haywood Revenue Collector

WASHINGTON, June 6.—William Haywood was nominated by the President yesterday to be Collector of Internal Revenue for the district of Hawaii. He has been Consul-General of the United States at Honolulu during the McKinley Administration.

Hives are a terrible torment to the little folks and to some older ones Doane's Ointment never fails. Instant relief and permanent cure. At any chemist's, 50 cents.

## TELEGRAMS CONDENSED.

News of Coast Files Abbreviated for  
Quick Reading.

Germany has built three new forts at Zanzibar. New York Democrats are instructed for Bryan. Heine Gould has pledged \$20,000 to Bryan. Bryan says he would welcome the Boers to America.

Alfred H. Kingsley, the explorer and scientist, died in South Africa. Mooney is massing to attack the French who are intruding near Zoubia. Rev. Dr. Richard Salter Storrs, the famous Brooklyn divine, is dead, aged 79. St. Louis street car strikers refuse a settlement and continue to do violence. Agnes Miller, a New York seamstress, died from eating six quarts of strawberries.

Ruth Dunham and Clara Taft of Oakland have won high honors at a New York school. It is believed that Salisbury will remain as Premier of England despite contrary reports.

Phoenix, New York, was planning a big ovation for General E. S. Otis on his arrival there.

Horace E. Mann, an Arizona prospector, is dying at Phoenix from the bite of a Gila monster.

England is determined Krueger shall leave the Transvaal when the war is over or before, forever.

Duse, the actress, to whom D'Annunzio, the author, made love for literary purposes, says she will kill him.

Berlin will build and maintain all its street railways. Sixty miles an hour have been made on an electric car there.

Frederick S. Kittson, youngest son of Commodore Kittson, the late multi-millionaire, is sued for divorce on grounds of cruelty.

John Biddulph Arnold, son of Sir Edwin Arnold, must go to England from San Francisco to answer a charge of embezzlement.

Bonds valued at \$50,000 were found beneath the leaves of a magazine in the house of Robert Bonner, the publisher, New York.

Captain Streeter, the Chicago squatter who recently invaded that city with an armed force, is in jail charged with conspiracy to murder.

Pygmies captured in Uganda, Africa, will be shown at the Paris Exposition.

The "Black Kid," single handed, held up two wagons and three Yosemite stages, stood off a squad of United States cavalry and escaped with booty.

Dispatches from London say that Commodore Roberts, the Cape coast, has been relieved and that the abandonment of the Ashanti capital may cause the spread of the rebellion.

The famous Peol Library of London was to be sold on June 12. It included 3,500 political caricatures embracing the whole range of English politics from Cromwell to George IV.

George Crocker of San Francisco has returned suddenly from Europe owing to the death of his son, Price McCormick & Co., the New York brokerage concern, in which he was interested.

Two pictures in the National Gallery, London, are lost to the public. Presented by Lady Hamilton, her heirs have discovered she had but a life interest in them and the gallery was forced to give them up.

The Infanta Eulalia of Spain and her husband, Don Antonio d'Orleans, have agreed to separate. The Infanta complained of the extravagance of her husband, and Don Antonio does not like the Infanta's Spanish temper.

In the French Senate on June 20, the Dreyfus amnesty bill was adopted by 38 to 31 votes. The discussion of the bill was opened with the concluding part of the speech of M. Trarieux, the former Minister of Justice, criticizing the project.

Twenty warships are at Taku, China, nine Russian, three British, three German, three French, two American and two Japanese and one Italian. The Russians have 10,000 troops on board ship and 14,000 are in readiness at Port Arthur.

Pope Leo received at special audience the Catholic archbishops of St. Louis and New Orleans and the Bishop of Saint Regis, Maine. He deplored Archbishop Ireland's letter to the Duke of Norfolk. He said the Catholic church in America could not be nationalized.

After the death of Eber J. Ward, a New York millionaire, his son, a French automobile which is said to run sixty miles an hour.

Princess Albert of Anhalt, a granddaughter of Queen Victoria, is in New York, traveling incognito.

The New York Central is to run hourly trains between New York and Buffalo.

The German army is experimenting with a balloon twice as big as Andre's, which will be the largest ever floated.

Olga Nethersole, the actress of "Sapho," fame, is to be sued by Clyde Pritch, who framed the play, for royalties for its production.

Late arrivals from Rome report new discoveries in quartz at the great gold camp. Several thousand men are at Rome already.

German papers, in anticipation of the occupation of Pretoria, advocate a general amnesty of the Boers.

It is alleged in a New York telegram that postal clerks all over the United States have been requested to give \$10 to the purchasing of a "classification" bill through Congress.

The War Department contemplates the withdrawal of a portion of the effective force in the Philippines. Whole regiments will not be brought home, but only an invalid battalion from each regiment.

Captain John McGowan, U.S.N., sentenced to two years' suspension on half-pay, has had his sentence reduced to six months.

Visitors to the Paris Exposition complain of lack of amusement. The Midway Plaisance, which made the Chicago

World's Fair a joy forever, is not in the show.

On June 4 the Boers were four miles from Tien-Tsin, China, and a battle was imminent.

The list of Filipino casualties as reported by the American commandant at Zamboanga follows: Killed, 10,790; wounded, 20,110; captured and surrendered, 15,421; prisoners in hands, 2,800.

Guatemala has been flooded with paper money and a panic is the result.

Italy will visit Ohio and Michigan in a special trade.

United States' trade with her islands for the year just closing amounts to \$15,000,000 in exports.

Deliver of Iowa is favored for Vice President by eminent Republican leaders of the Senate and House.

Russia is taking steps to make her warships efficient, the czar desiring to be ready for any emergency.

American capitalists are reported to have furnished millions for a big loan to Brazil.

The San Francisco Board of Health proposes to require 1200 men to crowd the Alcazar to the doors.

The first production of "Sapho" in San Francisco was greeted by a crowd that jammed the Alcazar to the doors.

Emil D. Rosenbaum, a young San Francisco capitalist, has committed suicide by taking cyanide of potassium.

The superiors of San Francisco have fixed the tax levy for next year at \$1.17 on each \$100 of valuation.

Stanford University will send a track team East in 1902. An Eastern football team, either Princeton or Pennsylvania, will be invited to come to California this winter.

Col. Luther H. Hare of the Thirty-third United States Volunteers, and Col. J. H. Smith of the United States Infantry have been appointed brigadier generals of volunteers.

Seventeen Chicago syrup manufacturers have been forced out of business by the glucose trust.

Rev. D. L. Garrett of St. Luke's church, San Francisco, has resigned his charge on account of ill health.

The engagement of Miss Ethel Trowbridge of San Francisco and Thos. G. Roberts, assistant naval constructor of the United States navy, is announced.

Brooks street, in San Francisco, running from Geary to Market, and known as "Alley," has been blocked by a board fence by the Bythe estate. A fine block is to be built on the spot.

The Philippine Commission arrived at Manila on the Hancock on June 3.

William R. Hearst, owner of the New York Journal and the San Francisco Examiner, will start an evening paper in Chicago on July 2.

Trowbridge Ward, clerk of the California Supreme Court, is dead.

The police of Chicago have raided the pool rooms at Hawthorne and confiscated the paraphernalia of the bookies.

Miss Elizabeth Code of San Francisco and Lieut. Commander R. F. Nicholson of the U. S. S. Farragut have been married in San Francisco.

Maj. Gen. Otis, still in quarantine at Angel Island, San Francisco, was forced to submit to vaccination by the quarantine officers.

There is much anxiety in Shanghai over the safety of Americans who have not succeeded yet in reaching Tien-Tsin.

At San Augustine, Tex., three men were killed in a feud growing out of politics.

Thomas J. Winship has confessed to having killed Frank Navarez in San Jose, Cal. Both were intoxicated at the time.

James Brown Potter has secured a divorce from his wife, the well known actress.

Four thousand club women are in attendance on the meeting of the General Federation of Women's Clubs at Milwaukee.

A bogus medical college in Chicago, known as the Metropolitan Medical College, has been raided by the postal officials.

A measure to abrogate the Clayton-Bulwer treaty has been reported favorably in the Senate.

A minority report has been filed by Lentz of Ohio and Hay of Virginia, members of the House committee which investigated the Coeur d'Alene mining troubles. The report censures General Merriam.

The House concurred in the Senate amendment to the Sundry Civil Appropriations bill granting \$500,000 for the Paris exposition.

Wireless telegraphic stations are to be established in San Francisco harbor.

A discovery has been made by a Vienna dentist whereby certain electric currents will destroy bacteria, thus permanently healing disease.

Montague White, the Transvaal agent at London, who is now in Chicago, says that the Boers are forced to take up guerrilla tactics.

Abe Majors, the youthful highwayman who killed an Ogden, Utah, policeman, must die, says the Supreme Court of Utah.

George A. Smith, brother of United States Senator W. A. Smith, is in jail in San Jose, Cal., for battery. Drink caused his downfall.

The "cannon ball" express on the International Great Northern was held up in Texas, near the Mexican line, but the robbers got no booty.

Confederate veterans celebrated Jeff Davis' birthday at Louisville on June 3. Guiseppe Meier may be mayor of New York City.

The latest estimate of the Klondike clean-up is \$25,000,000.

The earthquake of May 12th in Japan did great damage in Sendai, Fukushima and Miyagi prefectures. There were

The Future of  
Children

A child's life may be blighted by the diseases of youth, such as Rickets, which is characterized by weak bones or crooked spine, and inability to stand or walk readily, or Marasmus, that wasting disease characterized by paleness and emaciation, or Scrofula, a constitutional disease of the glands and neck.

## Scott's Emulsion

of pure Cod-Liver Oil with Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda will prevent and cure these diseases. It supplies just the material needed to form strong bones, rich red blood and solid flesh. It will also reach the infant through the mother's milk, and be of the greatest benefit to both.

At all druggists; 50c. and \$1.00. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

heavy horizontal shocks in succession. Forty houses were knocked down in Sendai.

Thousands are dying daily in the Bombay districts, of cholera and small-pox.

Rebels threaten Panama. Insurgents are reported six miles from the city.

Mrs. John Sherman is dead.

In the Senate Pettigrew impugned the honor of Hanna and Carter in handing campaign funds.

A London dispatch dated June 3, says that Roberts reports all quiet at Johannesburg.

The Duke of Cambridge's yeomanry has been rescued from their difficult position at Senekal.

Krueger is reported as suffering from paralysis of the brain, says a London dispatch of June 4.

The Variag, Russian cruiser, at a trial trip, showed twenty-two knots per natural draft. She is built by Cramps, at Philadelphia.

Christ Scientists at Milwaukee have been convicted of violation of the medical law.

Charges of extravagance against Paris Exposition Commissioner Peck are not substantiated.

Della Fox, the comic opera star, has been committed to an insane asylum on petition of her brother. Her troubles are said to be due to drink.

The report of Aguinaldo's death is generally credited by Filipinos, according to London dispatches.

Ex-City Clerk Shanklin of Fresno is free from charges of embezzlement.

It is announced that the Chicago India famine relief committee has cabled

three men in the water.

As the Gaelic was getting alongside the Pacific Mail dock shortly after 10 o'clock last night, her bow line suddenly sprang taut and flipped three men off the dock into the water. Two were Hawaiians who were uninjured and quickly regained the dock. The third was a negro; he was struck violently and more seriously injured. He was rescued from the water and removed to the hospital in the patrol wagon.

A strictly Up-to-Date Gent's SHOE is our Black Vici.

Manufactured by the Hamilton Brown Co., St. Louis.

—FOR SALE BY—

The Manufacturers' Shoe Co.

—SOLE AGENTS.—

HOUSEHOLD SUPPLIES.

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"Puritan" BLUE FLAME FUELLESS

No Smell. No Smoke. No Ashes.

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WE ARE SOLE AGENTS FOR

WILCOX & GIBBS

AUTOMATIC SEWING MACHINE.

PACIFIC HARDWARE Co., Ltd.

BETHEL STREET.

\$1,000 to Lady Curzon, wife of the Viceroy, to be used in the famine districts. In a letter mailed to Lady Curzon, formerly Mary Latimer of Chicago, it is explained that other cities aided in collecting the amount.

Congress has passed the Louisiana Purchase celebration bill.

Seventy officers and eighteen hundred men have died in the Philippines since the war began.

George P. Anderson, the oldest Odd Fellow in Indiana, died, aged 76 years.

W. J. Breckenridge, a Los Angeles druggist, was killed by footpads.

Pittsburg reports an impending reduction in the price of steel billets and pig iron. Billets will go to \$25 per ton.

Bradley Martin and William Waldorf Astor are fighting to be relieved of taxes in New York on the score of non-residence. Astor is assessed on \$2,000,000 and Bradley-Martin on \$200,000.

Laborers are scarce in Kansas.

Dr. Theodore Menges, one of the best known dental authorities in the country, is dead, as the result of an operation for appendicitis.

The debate in the Senate on the armor question became acrimonious, and Allen, Tillman and Hanna waged a wordy warfare in which political questions were discussed and party lines were sharply drawn.

Congress is about to adjourn.

Sugar—Raw, strong; refined, strong. Kansas and Indiana Democracy declared for Bryan.

The victims in the Scofield (Utah) mine disaster number 199.

The Chicago building strike is likely to be settled in conference.

Queen Wilhelmina of Holland has ratified The Hague peace treaty.

John C. Lowrie, a famous missionary, is dead at East Orange, N. J.

There will be no fight at Coney Island between Tommy Ryan and Jack Root.

John C. Graham, a Utah polygamist, has been convicted of unlawful cohabitation.

Dr. F. W. Atkinson has been appointed Superintendent of Public Instruction in the Philippines.

Vigorous complaint is made of Kansas City's high hotel rates for the Democratic convention week.

The Confederate reunion at Louisville ended in an uproar over a vote of appreciation to General Sickles.

HOW TO CURE A SPRAIN.

Last fall I sprained my left hip while handling some heavy boxes. The doctor I called, on said at first it was a slight strain and would soon be well, but it grew worse and the doctor then said I had rheumatism. It continued to grow worse and I could hardly get to work. I went to a drug store and the druggist recommended me to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm. I tried it and one-half of a 50-cent bottle cured me entirely. I now recommend it to all my friends.—F. A. Babcock, Erie, Pa. It is for sale by all Druggists and Dealers. BENSON, SMITH & CO., Ltd., Agents for Hawaiian Islands.

Three Men in the Water.

As the Gaelic was getting alongside the Pacific Mail dock shortly after 10 o'clock last night, her bow line suddenly sprang taut and flipped three men off the dock into the water. Two were Hawaiians who were uninjured and quickly regained the dock. The third was a negro; he was struck violently and more seriously injured. He was rescued from the water and removed to the hospital in the patrol wagon.

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The best at the lowest price at HOPPS.

The Best Results

In Furniture buying are obtainable from the house that buys at the closest market—buys only such Goods as are dependable—whose wearing qualities are known. One chair may be dear at Two DOLLARS, while another be considered a bargain at FOUR DOLLARS. The latter is what we call "dependable."

We have in stock

Bedroom Sets

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Box Couches,

that may be relied upon as being the best to be had for the money. In other words they are Goods of "known wear."

COOL WICKER FURNITURE

is just the article for verandas, bed, and sitting room. See our display just o hand.

Our Repair Department

Is turning out work that is a revelation to our patrons.

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KING AND BETHEL ST. J.

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Metropolitan

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NAVY CONTRACTORS.

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Purveyors to Oceanic and Pacific Mail Steamship Companies.

Sanitary Plumbing

Goods always on hand.

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# ALOHA TO REPUBLIC

Hawaii Now a Territory  
of United States.

## CLOSING UP ITS AFFAIRS

Executive Council Meets—Transacts  
Routine Matters and Adjourns  
Sine Die.

(From Thursday's Daily.)  
The Republic of Hawaii is done. At midnight last night its existence as a distinct entity terminated and it was merged into and became an integral part of the United States of America, governed by the same laws and permitted the same privileges as any other portion of that great nation.

For nearly two years, ever since the joint resolution of the houses of congress annexing the islands to the United States was passed, Hawaii has been nominally a portion of the States, but she occupied an anomalous position. She was of them but not in them. She was no longer an independent state, nor was she in the fullest sense American territory. She retained her own officers, administered justice as she had in the past and was in nearly all respects the same self-sufficient nation that she had been save that she was ready and willing to become in reality a portion of the United States as soon as they were ready to take charge of her affairs.

That condition of affairs ended last night at midnight when the Republic of Hawaii passed out of existence and the Territory of Hawaii sprang into being, full fledged and strong and ready to take up her portion of the burdens of life, as Minerva sprang fully armed and panoplied from the head of Jove. The affairs of the dying Republic were formally closed up at a meeting of the Executive Council yesterday in President Dole's office. It was a quiet meeting, and devoted largely to routine business, the last tags and ends of the affairs which needed to receive attention before the Executive Council should cease to exist as a body.

President Dole was in the chair and there were present as well Ministers Mott-Smith, Young, Damon and Cooper. Mr. Damon as Minister of Finance submitted a report of his reply to the communication from Captain Merry with reference to the collision of the Transport Sherman with the United States Naval wharf.

Minister of Foreign Affairs Mott-Smith submitted his report to the President covering the biennial period ending Dec. 31st, 1899, and the supplementary report for the period ending June 13th, 1900. It was voted that they be printed.

Mr. Mott-Smith stated that he had received a communication from Collector-General of Customs Stackable enclosing a letter from the Chinese Inspector, J. K. Brown, informing him that nineteen Chinese had arrived by the steamship Doric. These Chinese hold return certificates bearing the visa and seal of the Hawaiian consul at Hongkong and for which a fee of \$3 had been imposed. The imposition of the fee was probably caused, Mr. Mott-Smith said, on account of the temporary absence of the Hawaiian consul-general from Hongkong.

A claim by F. Wundenberg was presented by Mr. Mott-Smith for the sum of \$140.50 for rifles and ammunition purporting to have been given by him to W. D. Tilden which he had never been paid. It was voted that the matter be referred to the legislature with the recommendation that the claim be paid. Minister of Finance Damon reported a balance on June 12th as follows: Current, \$332,561.06; Loan, \$51,897.47.

Mr. Mott-Smith reported that he had written to Secretary of State Hay that pursuant to his suggestion contained in his letter to President Dole with relation to Acts 2, 3 and 4 of the Council of State, that the Council of State had been called and the amendment made that he suggested.

The bills of Goo Kim and Wong Kwai were voted to be referred to the legislature at its next meeting. This concluded the work of the meeting and without any further formalities the Executive Council adjourned sine die.

### Din At Midnight.

The passing of the Republic of Hawaii was attended by very little excitement. During the evening there were many luau in private houses. Sharp as the hour of midnight struck whistles from harbor boats and the big fellow that bellows out the news of the arrival of the steamers from the electric light station began their hoarse chorus, and a crowd of enthusiasts with a cannon made the echoes ring at brief intervals. On the streets there were a few late revelers who cheered lustily the birth of the Territory. The din of whistles and of cannon lasted out a few moments and then the town resumed its midnight somnolence, taking the birth of the Territory rather sedately on the whole, and reserving its energies for the big celebration today.

Collector of the Port Stackable spread a feast for the Customs employees in the office of the Customs House. Speeches were made and congratulations received. The force remained till midnight to receive any vessels that might arrive.

### A CARD OF THANKS.

I wish to say that I feel under lasting obligations for what Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has done for our family. We have used it in so many cases of coughs, lung troubles and whooping cough, and it has always given the most perfect satisfaction, we feel greatly indebted to the manufacturers of this remedy and wish them to please accept our hearty thanks—Respectfully, Mrs. S. Doty, Des Moines, Iowa. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers. BENSON, SMITH & CO., Ltd., Agents for Hawaiian Islands.

## METEOROLOGY OF MONTH OF MAY

Professor C. J. Lyons Gives  
the Figures of Temperature  
and Rainfall.

Temperature mean for the month, 74.8 F.; normal, 74.2; average daily maximum, 83.5; average daily minimum, 66.4; average daily range, 18.1; greatest daily range, 26.0; least daily range, 14.1; highest temperature, 87; lowest, 58, on the 1st. Barometer average, 30.65 (corrected for gravity); normal, 30.60 (corrected for gravity); highest, 30.74; lowest, 30.52; greatest change in twenty-four hours, .68. Pressure very steady through the month and low at the close.

Relative humidity, 67.6 per cent; normal, 70.6; mean dew-point, 61.5; normal, 64; absolute moisture, 6.42 grains per cubic foot; normal, 6.53.

Rainfall, 1.99 inches; normal, 2.90; rain-record days, 25 (indicating frequent light showers); normal, 27. Lankaka (Nuuanu) rainfall, 11.55, hence the reservoirs have been full; Kapiolani Park, 0.00.

The Artesian well level fell from 34.50 feet above mean sea level to 33.82.

Trade-wind days, 31 (four of north-northeast); normal number of trade-wind days, 24. Cloudiness (tenths of sky), 4.4; normal, 4.4.

Approximate percentages of district rainfall as compared with normal: Hilo, 190; Hamakua, 250; Kohala, 200 (heaviest May record for ten years); Waimea, 200; Kona, variable; Kau, 100; Puna, 300; Maui, 200; Oahu, 90; Kauai, 90.

Temperature averages for May: Waimea, Hawaii, 2,500 feet elevation, mean maximum, 71.2; mean minimum, 62.2; average, 66.7; Hilo, 100 feet elevation, maximum, 83.0; minimum, 71.0; at Kohala, 550 feet elevation, maximum, 78.9; minimum, 68.9; at Kona, 1,000 feet elevation, maximum, 81.0; minimum, 68.0; at Puna, highest, 81; lowest, 65.0.

### Rainfall for May, 1900.

Station	Elev.	Rain.
Waialeale	50	16.41
Hilo (town)	100	12.60
Pepeekeo	100	1.45
Kahala	200	13.61
Honolulu	13.32	
Laupahoehoe	500	12.99
Oakala	600	8.51
Kaunakakai	750	8.51
Paia	800	6.72
Paiahu (Moore)	1150	9.72
Honokaa (Muir)	1200	7.79
Honokaa (Kulehua)	1300	14.14
Kukuihue	1400	8.00
Aiea (Lot 5)	1500	11.14
Awini (Lot 5)	2500	
Niuli	200	9.39
Kohala (Parangue)	550	8.56
Kohala Mission	585	8.37
Kohala Sugar Co.	234	8.78
Hawi	300	5.62
Maui	600	7.45
Waimea	2730	4.50
Kailua	500	5.09
Lanikai	1500	1.87
Kaunakakai	1500	1.87
Maui	600	1.46
Maui	1350	1.83
Maui	1750	2.19
Honolulu	25	0.74
Hilea	310	0.80
Palala	520	0.40
Maui	700	2.12
Olaa (Russell)	1650	18.14
Volcano House	4000	8.05
Pohokuli	110	7.36
Kalapana	10	

### MAUI.

Lahaina	600	
Oloahu	15	
Waipaoa Ranch	700	6.06
Kaupo (Mokulua)	285	6.02
Kipahulu	258	
Honouliuli	70	
Nahiku	120	10.96
Haiku	700	7.89
Kula (Belmont)	2000	3.63
Kula (Kalahou)	2000	
Puomalei	1400	16.32
Palala	520	2.64
Haleakala Ranch	3000	2.57

### LANAI.

Mauanalo (Koomuku)	6	6.00
--------------------	---	------

### OAHU.

Punahou (W. Bureau)	50	1.60
Kewalo (King St.)	15	1.06
Maiki (Hewer)	150	1.67
Kapiolani Park	10	0.00
School St. (Bishop)	10	2.17
Maui	30	1.72
Nuuanu (W. W. Hall)	50	1.71
Nuuanu (Wylie St.)	250	11.65
Nuuanu (Luncheon)	285	8.43
Manoa (W. Dairy)	285	8.43
Waimanalo	25	1.48
Maunawili	300	3.71
Kaneohe	300	2.42
Kahuku	250	4.78
Ewa Plantation	40	1.20
Waipaho	50	0.57

### KAUAI.

Lihue, Grove Farm	200	1.46
Lihue (Molokai)	300	1.71
Keala	15	
Kilauea	15	
Hanalei	10	5.82
Waialeale	32	

### RECORDS NOT HITHERTO PUBLISHED—APRIL, 1900.

Paia	4.01
Awini	3.82
Erehwon	1.61
Awini (Lots 5 and 6)	13.03

### C. J. LYONS.

Meteorologist Government Survey.

N. B.—Observers are requested to forward their reports promptly at the end of each month, that they may appear in the published report on the 15th of following month.

### NOTES FROM JAPAN.

The Suspension of a Christian Journal Explained.

YOKOHAMA, May 25, via Victoria, B. C., June 6.—In the lull which has followed the rejoicings over the imperial wedding, little of interest has transpired. In the aftermath, the report that a Christian Journal had been suspended and its editors arrested for disrespect shown to imperial house in its comments on the ceremony attracted much attention, especially as the feeling against Christianity has lately been fostered in Conservative and Buddhist circles. It turns out however, that the obnoxious article, which is reported to be of a decidedly indecent character, was the work of an irresponsible pair of boys and that in no way does it reflect upon the Japanese Christians. Whatever may be said of the literary standing or intellectual ability of the Christian press of the empire it has been thoroughly clean and in every way commendable in its moral tone.

How far the present mining boom in Korea is of a merely political nature it is difficult to say. There has been a remarkable number of demands upon the Government of that country for mining concessions and privileges, leading outsiders to gather the impression that the country must be a veritable storehouse of mineral wealth. According to the prevailing fashion here in the Orient, however, the knowing ones recognize in all this activity mere-

ly the first steps in the process of establishing political spheres of influence. At all events, the mining prospectors and adventurers of America should be duly cautioned not to waste their way hither on the reports of a new Eldorado having been discovered.

### GOES TO STUDY FISH.

President David Starr Jordan of Stanford on the Gaelic.

Among the through passengers on the steamship Gaelic is Doctor David Starr Jordan, president of Stanford University and one of the greatest ichthyologists in the world.

The doctor has never been out in this part of the world before and intends to put in his time driving around Honolulu to-day until the Gaelic is ready to sail for the Orient. He goes to Japan to study the fish of that country and will make an extended report on the subject on his return to the States in a few months' time. Dr. Jordan represented the United States in the conference between the United States and British Fish Commissions at Victoria a few years ago.

### Stephen Crane Dead.

BADEN-WEILER, (Baden), June 3.—Stephen Crane, the American author and war correspondent, died here today, aged 30 years. Stephen Crane four years ago made a great hit with "The Red Badge of Courage." It is cast in the form of a romance and is a detailed study of the development of a raw recruit in our Civil War under the fire of the enemy. What made it noteworthy was that Crane could have had no real experience of what he described with a mastery force and graphic realism not surpassed by Tolstol in his sketches of Sebastopol.

### THE BOARD AND THE VELVET.

"A throne," said Napoleon, "is a board covered with velvet." Strip the velvet from the throne, and you have nothing left but bare, vulgar boards; replace the velvet and you have the most coveted symbol of human power and glory. How easy the transition, how vast the difference! There is no operation in chemistry more sharp and sudden than that in human life whereby extremes of feeling follow each other—tears rarefying into smiles and smiles condensing into tears.

Is happiness, or is power, so poor a thing, then, that it drops into its anti-thesis at a touch?—at a breath? Let us not be too hasty with our answer, as we may be wrong. The great French Emperor was a cynical fellow, and right well he loved a throne, even though it was only an upholstered board.

And we all love life and its blessings even though they are uncertain and ehsky. Hence, when we hear a man say, "I had no pleasure in life and did not care what became of me," we are interested to know the reason why.

The person from whom we quote these words explains himself thus: "For over two years," he tells us, "I suffered from loss of appetite, sleeplessness, and nervousness. Prior to May, 1894, I had always been strong and hearty. At this time I began to feel that something had come over me—I felt so low and weak. After eating my face would flush, and the food gave me great pain across my chest, and at the left side, I had a cutting pain around the heart, and bad attacks of palpitation."

I beg to interrupt our good friend at this point. The burning of a barn or a hayrick may make a bigger blaze than the burning of the cottage we live in. But the latter alarms and excites us most because we do live in it. On the same principle a very painful ailment of the hand or foot may cause little or no mental anxiety, while a disturbance of the heart's action does, for the heart is one of the three houses which life resides in, the other two being the brain and the lungs. Yet, as generally happens in so-called heart troubles, the worry was needless, as we shall presently see.

"For weeks together," continues the narrator, "I got no proper sleep, and, in truth, so bad was this condition that I dreaded going to bed. My nerves were thoroughly unstrung, and affected the left side of my face, which was quite drawn. I suffered martyrdom with facial neuralgia."

"As time went on I grew to be so low and miserable that I had no pleasure in life, and did not care what became of me. I consulted a doctor, but none of his medicines helped me. Better and worse, I continued to suffer, until a friend told me about Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup, and persuaded me to try it. I got a bottle from Mr. Pullham, Grocer, Spring Road, and after taking it a short time I felt it was doing me good. I slept well, and had less distress after meals. This encouraged me to persevere with it, and gradually I got stronger, and the nerve pains were away. I now enjoy good health, and have recommended this medicine to many of my customers. You can publish this statement as you like. (Signed) Harry Wenden, Hairdresser, 171 Soering Road, St. John's, Ipswich, July 17th, 1896."

Mr. Wenden's explanation of his loss of life's pleasure is commonplace after all. And yet how much more important than if it were unique or exceptional; because the commonplace is the universal. It is disease my gentle reader, that tears the velvet from thrones, that robs the cottager of his sleep, that makes the baby cry in its cradle, that strips the strong man of his vigor, that wipes the bloom from the cheeks of fair women, that hurries humanity to the churchyard with bowed heads and bleeding feet. And the most pitiless ogre of all diseases is the one from which Mr. Wenden suffered, and which Mother Seigel's Syrup cures—indigestion, dyspepsia. Even without the velvet, Health is the best of thrones, and this great remedy helps to keep you seated safely and happily upon it.



## ITCHING SKIN HUMORS

INSTANTLY RELIEVED BY CUTICURA.

A lot both with CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin, and a single application of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the great skin cure, to heal the skin, followed by a full dose of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood, will afford instant relief, permit rest and sleep, and point to a speedy, permanent, and economical cure of the most torturing of itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, and crusted skin, scalp, and blood humors, rashes and irritations, when all other remedies and even the best physicians fail.

MOTHERS: to know that CUTICURA SOAP, is the greatest of skin purifiers and beautifiers, as well as purest and sweetest of toilet and baby soaps.

Sold throughout the world. Foreign Dispensaries, Chemists, Sole Proprietors, Boston, U. S. A. British depot, 7, Strand, London. "How to Cure Itching Humors," free.

W. H. RICE, President W. S. WITHERS, Manager.

## Honolulu Stock Yards Co., LIMITED.

Commission Merchants

... AND ...

IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN

Horses, Mules, Cows, Etc.

Harness, Vehicles, Etc.

Harness Made to Order.

HONOLULU, H. I.

Hose

Another shipment of our Dolphin 5-ply Hose has just come to hand. No Hose ever brought to the Islands that comes up to it. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed in every length.

Sprinklers go with Hose, and they are needed these hot, dry days. We have them all the way from 75c. to \$5.50. If you have to store up water to use with the Hose and Sprinkler, don't forget that we sell the Patent Non-shrinking Redwood Tank, the only reliable Tank made.

E. O. Hall & Son, Ltd

G. N. WILKINSON, President. J. F. HACKFELD, Vice President.

E. SUHR, Secretary and Treasurer. T. MAY, Auditor.

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NITRATE OF SODA, CALCINED FERTILIZER,

SAITS, ETC., ETC., ETC.

Special attention given to analysis of soils by our agricultural chemist.

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OF LONDON, FOR FIRE AND

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OF LIVERPOOL, FOR MARINE.

Capital ..... £1,000,000.

Reduction of Rates.

Immediate Payment of Claims.

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AGENTS

Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agts.

German Lloyd Marine Insurance Co

OF BERLIN.

Fortuna General Insurance Co

OF BERLIN.

The above Insurance Companies have established a general agency here, and the undersigned, general agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., General Agents.

General Insurance Co. for Sea,

River and Land Transport,

of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands, the undersigned general agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

TRANS-ATLANTIC FIRE INS. CO.

OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company

and reserve, reinsurance

Capital their reinsurance

companies ..... 101,650,000

Total reinsurance ..... 107,650,000

North German Fire Insurance Co

OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company

and reserve, reinsurance

Capital their reinsurance

companies ..... 35,000,000

Total reinsurance ..... 43,530,000

The undersigned, general agents of the above two companies, for the Hawaiian Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Machinery, etc.; also, Sugar and Rice Mills, and Vessels in the harbor, against loss or damage by fire on the most favorable terms.

H. HACKFELD & CO., Limited

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